1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ROBBINS GELLER RUDMAN & DOWD LLP WILLOW E. RADCLIFFE (200087) Post Montgomery Center One Montgomery Street, Suite 1800 San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: 415/288-4545 415/288-4534 (fax) willowr@rgrdlaw.com Lead Counsel for Plaintiff [Additional counsel appear on signature page.]				
8 9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
10	SAN JOSE DIVISION				
11	In re CELERA CORP. SEC. LITIG.) No	o. 10-cv-	02604-JW(HRL)	
12 13	This Document Relates To: ALL ACTIONS.)) JO	LASS AG INT CA TATEMI	SE MANAGEMENT	
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Lead Plaintiff Washtenaw County Employees' Retirement System ("Plaintiff") and

1 2 Defendants Celera Corporation ("Celera" or the "Company"), Kathy Ordoñez ("Ordoñez"), Joel R. 3 Jung ("Jung"), Ugo DeBlasi ("DeBlasi") and Christopher Hall (collectively, "Defendants") jointly submit this Case Management Statement in preparation for the March 28, 2011 Case Management 5 Conference pursuant to the Court's order of November 2, 2010, Civil Local Rule 16-9 and the Standing Order for All Judges of the Northern District of California – Contents of Joint Case 6 7 Management Statement. As discussed herein, this action is governed by the Private Securities 8 Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"). Pursuant to the PSLRA, discovery is not permitted 9 during the pendency of a motion to dismiss. 15 U.S.C. 78u-4(b)(3)(B). On November 29, 2010, 10 Defendants filed a motion to dismiss which is scheduled for oral argument on March 28, 2011. As 11 set forth in §5. below, Plaintiff has requested and Defendants have agreed to the filing of an

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1. **Subject Matter Jurisdiction and Service:**

The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over all of Plaintiff's claims based on the existence of a federal question. All parties are subject to the Court's jurisdiction, and no parties remain to be served.

amended complaint and vacating the March 28, 2011 hearing date subject to the Court's approval.

2. Factual and Legal Bases for Plaintiff's Claims and Defendants' Defenses:

Plaintiff's Position

This is a securities class action brought under §§10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("1934 Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§78j(b) and 78t(a), and U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 10-5 promulgated thereunder, 17 C.F.R. §240.10b-5. This suit is currently brought on behalf of all purchasers of publicly traded securities of Celera common stock between April 24, 2008 and July 22, 2009 ("Class Period"). On September 23, 2010, Washtenaw County Employees' Retirement System was appointed lead Plaintiff by the Court. Plaintiff alleges that during the Class Period, Defendants perpetuated a scheme to defraud and participated in a course of business that operated as a fraud or deceit on purchasers of Celera stock. When considered in its totality, Plaintiff's Consolidated Amended Complaint for Violations of the Federal Securities Laws ("Complaint") properly pleads securities fraud claims against the Defendants. South Ferry LP

v. Killinger, 542 F.3d 776, 784 (9th Cir. 2008) ("Tellabs counsels us to consider the totality of circumstances, rather than to develop separately rules of thumb for each type of scienter allegation.").

Celera is a personalized disease management company that acquired a lab service company, Berkeley HeartLab (BHL), approximately six months before the start of the Class Period. The crux of Plaintiff's allegations pertain to the receivables of Celera's BHL division which were impaired as a result of Blue Cross/Blue Shield's decision to stop paying Celera directly for its lab services. This change occurred in early 2008, requiring Celera to seek payment for a substantial portion of its lab services from individuals. Yet, as the Complaint sets forth, Celera did not send collection letters to these individuals for upwards of a year and until such time collection was virtually impossible. Additionally, once Celera started collection efforts from individuals, doctors and patients no longer wanted to use BHL's services and there was a corresponding significant drop in business. Plaintiff alleges that these facts rendered Defendants' Class Period statements false and misleading.

First, Defendants deliberately misrepresented Celera's quarterly and annual financials by inadequately reserving for Celera's bad debt (*i.e.*, the uncollectible Blue Cross/Blue Shield receivables) resulting in falsely reported net income, earnings per share, expenses and net accounts receivable ("A/R"). Second, Defendants intentionally concealed that a significant amount of Celera's BHL receivables were owed by individual patients by falsely representing that BHL's revenue source was immunized from economic concerns because it was derived from Medicare and large insurance carriers. Third, Defendants falsely certified that Celera's internal controls were sufficient, despite Defendants not properly reserving for known bad debt. And fourth, Celera's 2009 revenue and selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expense guidance had no reasonable basis because at the time guidance was issued in February and May 2009, Defendants were aware of adverse facts that undermined the guidance, including that: (i) sales numbers had dropped significantly impacting the projected revenue increase; and (ii) its bad debt, as a result of the impairment of Celera's lab services receivables (or A/R), would require Celera to increase its SG&A expenses in 2009.

The Class Period ends on July 22, 2009, when Celera announced that it would withdraw its

2009 guidance and expected to record significant charges in the second quarter 2009 for bad debt

earlier. On August 6, 2009, Defendants added more detail to the July 22, 2009 announcement,

stating that Celera would write-down more than \$20 million in bad debt and increase its allowance

for doubtful accounts to \$39.2 million, an 86% increase over the allowance reported three months

earlier and an increase of more than 360% over the allowance reported a year earlier. Indeed,

Plaintiff's Complaint provides Defendants with "some indication of the loss and the causal

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connection that the plaintiff has in mind." Dura Pharm., Inc. v. Broudo, 544 U.S. 336, 347 (2005). **Defendants' Position**

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Defendants deny these allegations. Plaintiff has not met its burden to plead particularized facts in support of its claims as required under controlling Ninth Circuit law. See Zucco Partners, LLC v. Digimarc Corp., 552 F.3d 981 (9th Cir. 2009). In order to survive dismissal under Zucco, Plaintiff must plead particularized facts in "great detail," supported by reliable sources, that present a cogent and compelling inference of scienter. Plaintiff has not done so. Instead, Plaintiff cites post-Class Period disclosures and financial metrics and alleges that there must have been fraud. These claims are classic "fraud by hindsight," and are legally insufficient.

Plaintiff's claims based on Celera's projections of future results should also be dismissed for the independent reason that these forward-looking statements are protected by the Safe Harbor provision of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

All of Plaintiff's claims should also be dismissed for the additional reason that the Complaint does not allege "that the practices that the plaintiff contends are fraudulent were revealed to the market and caused the resulting losses." *Metzler Inv. GMBH v. Corinthian Colleges*, 540 F.3d 1049, 1063 (9th Cir. 2008). The Complaint does not allege the disclosure of any fraudulent practices preceding the decline in Celera's stock prices on February 18, 2009, or July 23, 2009.

Legal Issues: 3.

Whether Defendants violated §§10(b) or 20(a) of the 1934 Act or Rule 10-5 (a) promulgated thereunder. See 15 U.S.C. §§78j(b), 78t(a) and 17 C.F.R. §240.10b-5; and

(b) Whether the action may be certified as a class action. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and (b)(3).

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4. **Motions**:

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On August 13, 2010, Plaintiff filed a motion to be appointed lead Plaintiff and to have its counsel Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP appointed lead counsel. On September 14, 2010, the Court granted Plaintiff's motion.

Defendants filed a motion to dismiss and request for judicial notice on November 29, 2010. Dkt. Nos. 29 & 30. Plaintiff filed an opposition to each on January 13, 2011. Dkt. Nos. 32 & 33. Defendants filed reply memoranda on February 14, 2011. Dkt. No. 34. The motion is scheduled to be heard on March 28, 2011. As set forth in §5. below, Plaintiff has requested and Defendants have agreed to the filing of an amended complaint and that the March 28, 2011 hearing date be vacated, subject to the Court's approval.

At this time, Plaintiff anticipates filing a motion for class certification. In the event an amended complaint is filed, Defendants anticipate filing a motion to dismiss. The parties believe it is premature to assess any additional motions they anticipate filing.

5. **Amendment of Pleadings:**

Plaintiff has requested leave to amend in the event the Court finds any deficiencies in the Complaint as set forth in Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, filed on January 13, 2011. Additionally, earlier today, March 18, 2011, Celera filed a Form 8-K with the SEC disclosing that Celera is restating its financial statements for the period from the year ended June 30, 2008 through the first three quarters of the year ended December 25, 2010. The Form 8-K states that the restatement is being made to correct errors related to the classification of bad debt expense and the recognition of unreimbursed and uncollectible charges. In light of this development, the parties agree that it is appropriate to allow Plaintiff an opportunity to amend their Complaint rather than to proceed with the currently-scheduled hearing on Defendants' motion to dismiss, set for March 28, 2011. Plaintiff has requested and Defendants have agreed by separate stipulation to the filing of an amended complaint.

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6. Evidence Preservation:

The parties are aware of, and in compliance with, their document preservation obligations.

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7. Disclosures:

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Because this case is governed by the PSLRA and discovery in this action is accordingly stayed, the parties have not yet exchanged initial disclosures.

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8. Discovery:

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Because discovery in this action is stayed pursuant to the PSLRA, the parties believe it is premature to discuss matters relating to discovery.

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9. Class Action:

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The parties believe it is premature to determine a suitable date to consider whether the case can be maintained as a class action. Plaintiff, however, believes a class is suitable for the following

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reasons:

(a) This action is maintainable as a class action under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and (b)(3);

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(b) The action is brought on behalf of a class consisting of all persons or entities who

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acquired shares of Celera common stock between April 24, 2008 and July 22, 2009, including acquisition of the Celera Group tracking stock, which traded on the New York Stock Exchange

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under the ticker CRA. Excluded from the Class are Defendants and their family members, the

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officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate families and

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their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns and any entity in which Defendants have or

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had a controlling interest;

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(c) The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Celera has over 81 million shares of stock outstanding, owned by hundreds if not

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thousands of persons;

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(d) There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class which predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members including:

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• whether the 1934 Act was violated by Defendants;

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• whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class Period misrepresented material facts about the finances, business, operations and management of Celera;

- whether statements made by Defendants omitted material facts necessary to make the statements, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
- whether the price of Celera stock was artificially inflated; and
- to what extent the members of the Class have sustained damages and the proper measure of damages.
- (e) Lead Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of the Class because lead Plaintiff and the Class sustained damages from Defendants' wrongful conduct;
- (f) Lead Plaintiff will adequately protect the interests of the Class and has retained counsel who are experienced in class action securities litigation. Lead Plaintiff has no interests which conflict with those of the Class;
- (g) A class action will achieve economies of time, effort and expense and provide uniformity of decision to the similarly situated members of the Class without sacrificing procedural fairness or bringing about other undesirable results. Class members have not indicated an interest in prosecuting separate actions as none have been filed. The number of Class members and the relatively small amounts at stake for individual Class members make separate suits impracticable. No difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this action as a class action; and
- (h) In addition, a class action is superior to other methods of fairly and efficiently adjudicating this controversy because the questions of law and fact common to the Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members. Although individual Class members have suffered disparate damages, the fraudulent scheme alleged and the misrepresentations and omissions causing damages are common to all Class members. Further, there are no individual issues of reliance that could make this action unsuited for treatment as a class action.

10. Related Cases:

There is a derivative action before this Court styled *In re Celera Corp. Derivative Litig.*, No. CV 10-02935 JW. Defendants in the derivative action (Ordoñez, Jung, DeBlasi, Richard A. Ayers, Jean-Luc Belingard, William G. Green, Peter Barton Hutt, Gail K. Naughton, Wayne I. Roe and Bennett M. Shapiro) and nominal Defendant Celera filed motions to dismiss on January 18, 2011. The Court is scheduled to hear argument on the motions to dismiss on April 11, 2011.

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11. Relief:

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Plaintiff seeks monetary damages. The amount of damages sought shall be calculated by an expert and disclosed consistent with the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 after discovery commences. Defendants deny that Plaintiff suffered any damages.

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12. Settlement and ADR:

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Until any motion to dismiss filed by Defendants is ruled upon and the parties have the opportunity to conduct discovery, the parties believe ADR is premature.

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13. Consent to Magistrate Judge for All Purposes:

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The parties do not consent to have a magistrate judge conduct all further proceedings.

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14. Other References:

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The parties believe this case is not suitable for other references at this time.

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15. Narrowing of Issues:

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At this juncture, the parties have no issues that can be narrowed by agreement or additional motion practice. Once the Court rules on any motion to dismiss, the parties will consider whether there are any issues that can be narrowed by agreement or motion.

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16. Expedited Schedule:

motions, pretrial conference and trial.

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The parties do not believe this case should be expedited.

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17. Scheduling:

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Currently, Defendants' motion to dismiss is scheduled to be heard on March 28, 2011 and as set forth in §5., Plaintiff has requested and Defendants have agreed to the filing of an amended complaint. Until such time as the Court rules on any motion to dismiss, the parties believe that it is premature to propose dates for designation of experts, discovery cut-off, hearing of dispositive

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18. Trial:

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Plaintiff requests a jury trial. Until the Court rules on any motion to dismiss and the parties have the opportunity to conduct discovery, the parties do not have the necessary information to estimate the expected length of the trial in this complex class action.

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1	19. Disclosure of Non-Party Interes	ested Entities or Persons:		
2	The parties have filed the Certifications of Interested Entities or Persons required by Civil			
3	Local Rule 3-16. Also, the parties confirm that the statements in their previously filed Certificates of			
4	Interested Entities or Persons are currently accurate.			
5	DATED: March 18, 2011	ROBBINS GELLER RUDMAN & DOWD LLP		
6		RYAN A. LLORENS		
7		-/ D A. I.I		
8		s/ Ryan A. Llorens RYAN A. LLORENS		
9		655 West Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, CA 92101		
11		Telephone: 619/231-1058 619/231-7423 (fax)		
12		ROBBINS GELLER RUDMAN		
13		& DOWD LLP WILLOW E. RADCLIFFE		
14		Post Montgomery Center One Montgomery Street, Suite 1800		
15		San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: 415/288-4545 415/288-4534 (fax)		
16 17		Lead Counsel for Plaintiff Washtenaw County Employees' Retirement System		
18		VANOVERBEKE MICHAUD &		
19		TIMMONY, P.C. MICHAEL J. VANOVERBEKE		
20		THOMAS C. MICHAUD 79 Alfred Street		
21		Detroit, MI 48201 Telephone: 313/578-1200		
22		313/578-1201 (fax)		
23		GLANCY BINKOW & GOLDBERG LLP LIONEL Z. GLANCY ROBERT V. PRONGAY		
24		1801 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 311 Los Angeles, CA 90067		
25		Telephone: 310/201-9150 310/201-9160 (fax)		
26		Additional Counsel for Plaintiff		
27				
28				

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1	DATED: March 18, 2011	MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP JORDAN ETH				
2		JUDSON E. LOBDELL DANIEL J. VECCHIO				
3		DINNELS. VECCINO				
4		s/ Judson E. Lobdell				
5		JUDSON E. LOBDELL				
6		425 Market Street San Francisco, CA 94105-2482				
7		Telephone: 415/268-7000 415/268-7522 (fax)				
8		Counsel for Defendants Celera Corporation,				
9		Kathy Ordoñez, Joel R. Jung, Ugo DeBlasi and Christopher Hall				
10	I, Ryan A. Llorens, am the ECF User whose ID and password are being used to file this Joint					
11 12	Case Management Statement. In compliance with General Order 45, X.B., I hereby attest that Judson E. Lobdell has concurred in this filing.					
13						
14		s/ Ryan A. Llorens				
		RYAN A. LLORENS				
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on March 18, 2011, I authorized the electronic filing of the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the e-mail addresses denoted on the attached Electronic Mail Notice List, and I hereby certify that I caused to be mailed the foregoing document or paper via the United States Postal Service to the non-CM/ECF participants indicated on the attached Manual Notice List.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on March 18, 2011.

s/ Ryan A. Llorens RYAN A. LLORENS

ROBBINS GELLER RUDMAN

& DOWD LLP 655 West Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, CA 92101-3301 Telephone: 619/231-1058 619/231-7423 (fax)

E-mail:ryanl@rgrdlaw.com

Mailing Information for a Case 5:10-cv-02604-JW

Electronic Mail Notice List

The following are those who are currently on the list to receive e-mail notices for this case.

• George Carlos Aguilar

GAguilar@robbinsumeda.com,Notice@robbinsumeda.com

• Mark C. Gardy

mgardy@gardylaw.com

• Judson Earle Lobdell

jlobdell@mofo.com,mblackmer@mofo.com

• Tricia Lynn McCormick

triciam@rgrdlaw.com,e_file_sd@rgrdlaw.com,e_file_sf@rgrdlaw.com

• Willow E. Radcliffe

 $willowr@rgrdlaw.com, khuang@rgrdlaw.com, ptiffith@rgrdlaw.com, e_file_sd@rgrdlaw.com, ryanl@rgrdlaw.com, e_file_sf@rgrdlaw.com, ptiffith@rgrdlaw.com, pt$

• Darren Jay Robbins

e_file_sd@rgrdlaw.com

• Jennifer Sarnelli

jsarnelli@gardylaw.com

• David Conrad Walton

davew@rgrdlaw.com

• Shawn A. Williams

shawnw@rgrdlaw.com,khuang@rgrdlaw.com,e_file_sd@rgrdlaw.com,e_file_sf@rgrdlaw.com

Manual Notice List

The following is the list of attorneys who are **not** on the list to receive e-mail notices for this case (who therefore require manual noticing). You may wish to use your mouse to select and copy this list into your word processing program in order to create notices or labels for these recipients.

Catherine J. Kowalewski

Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP 655 W Broadway Suite 1900 San Diego, CA 92101